

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

SAVORN SEY,)	No. C 05-3427 JSW (PR)
)	
Petitioner,)	
)	
vs.)	ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE AND
)	GRANTING APPLICATION TO
Warden A.P. KANE,)	PROCEED <i>IN FORMA PAUPERIS</i>
)	
Respondent.)	
)	(Docket no. 3)

INTRODUCTION

Petitioner, a prisoner of the State of California, currently incarcerated at the Correctional Training Facility at Soledad, has filed a habeas corpus petition pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254 challenging the Board of Prison Terms ("BPT") denial of parole during parole suitability proceedings. He also seeks leave to proceed *in forma pauperis*. This order grants Petitioner's *in forma pauperis* application and directs Respondent to show cause why the petition should not be granted.

BACKGROUND

According to the petition, Petitioner was convicted of first degree murder in 1993 in San Diego County Superior Court and was sentenced to an indeterminate term of twenty years-to-life in state prison. In this habeas action, Petitioner does not challenge his conviction, but instead challenges the execution of his sentence. Petitioner contends that the denial of parole by the BPT at his August 24, 2004, initial parole suitability hearing violated his federal constitutional right to due process. He alleges that he has

exhausted state judicial remedies as to all of the claims raised in his federal petition.

DISCUSSION

I. Standard of Review

This Court may entertain a petition for a writ of habeas corpus "in behalf of a person in custody pursuant to the judgment of a State court only on the ground that he is in custody in violation of the Constitution or laws or treaties of the United States." 28 U.S.C. § 2254(a).

It shall "award the writ or issue an order directing the respondent to show cause why the writ should not be granted, unless it appears from the application that the applicant or person detained is not entitled thereto." *Id.* § 2243.

II. Legal Claims

Petitioner alleges that his constitutional rights were violated by the parole denial by the BPT in 2004. Liberally construed, the allegations are sufficient to warrant a response from Respondent. *See Board of Pardons v. Allen*, 482 U.S. 369 (1987); *see, e.g., Morales v. California Dep't of Corrections*, 16 F.3d 1001, 1005 (9th Cir. 1994), *rev'd on other grounds*, 514 U.S. 499 (1995).

CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons and for good cause shown,

1. The application to proceed *in forma pauperis* is GRANTED (docket no. 3).

2. The Clerk of the Court shall serve a copy of this order and the petition, and all attachments thereto, on Respondent and Respondent's attorney, the Attorney General of the State of California. The Clerk also shall serve a copy of this order on Petitioner.

3. Respondent shall file with the Court and serve on Petitioner, within **sixty (60)** days from the date of this order, an answer conforming in all respects to Rule 5 of the Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases, showing cause why a writ of habeas corpus should not be granted. Respondent shall file with the answer and serve on Petitioner a copy of all portions of the state trial record that have been transcribed previously and that are

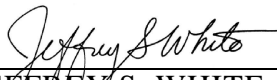
1 relevant to a determination of the issues presented by the petition. If Petitioner wishes to
2 respond to the answer, he shall do so by filing a traverse with the Court and serving it on
3 Respondent within **thirty (30)** days of his receipt of the answer.

4 4. Respondent may file a motion to dismiss on procedural grounds in lieu of an
5 answer, as set forth in the Advisory Committee Notes to Rule 4 of the Rules Governing
6 Section 2254 Cases. If Respondent files such a motion, Petitioner shall file with the
7 Court and serve on Respondent an opposition or statement of non-opposition within
8 **thirty (30)** days of receipt of the motion, and Respondent shall file with the Court and
9 serve on Petitioner a reply within **fifteen (15)** days of receipt of any opposition.

10 5. It is Petitioner's responsibility to prosecute this case. Petitioner must keep
11 the Court informed of any change of address by filing a separate paper captioned "Notice
12 of Change of Address." He must comply with the Court's orders in a timely fashion.
13 Failure to do so may result in the dismissal of this action for failure to prosecute pursuant
14 to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b)

15 IT IS SO ORDERED.

16 DATED: January 26, 2006

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18 JEFFREY S. WHITE
19 United States District Judge
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